Depression and sexual behaviour among men who have sex with men in the UK

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Background

- During 2013, 3250 men who have sex with men (MSM) were newly diagnosed with HIV
- Elevated levels of mental health problems have been demonstrated among MSM
- Psychological symptoms may be linked to sexual risk behaviour
- A small number of US and Canadian studies have investigated this relationship among HIV negative (or unknown status) MSM but less information is available from UK

Aims

Using data from the AURAH Study of sexual health clinic attendees across the UK we assessed:

- 1. Prevalence of current depressive symptoms, factors associated with symptoms and the association between symptoms and sexual behaviours among MSM
- 2. Proportion of MSM with current depression who are diagnosed and treated

Methods: The AURAH Study

- The Attitudes to and Understanding of Risk of Acquisition of HIV (AURAH) Study is a self-administered health & lifestyle questionnaire study in 20 sexual health clinics across UK (2013-2014)
- HIV negative/unknown status and ≥18 years (N=2630)
- Data available **N=2187** (1646 men)
- MSM **N=1287**
- MSM reporting any anal/vaginal sex in past 3 months N=1173 (88.4% sex with men only, 3.9% with women only and 7.7% both men and women)

Methods: Depression measures

PHQ-9 ≥10*

'Are you receiving medical treatment or therapy for depression?'

'Have you ever been told by a doctor that you have a mental health condition?'

*Compared to mental health professional validation interviews, PHQ-9 score of ≥10 found to have sensitivity and specificity of 88% for major depression

'Over the past two weeks, how often have you been bothered by any of the following problems?'

Response options: Not at all (0)/Several days (0)/More than half the days (1)/Nearly every day (1)

- 1. Little interest or pleasure in doing things
- 2. Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless
- 3. Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much
- 4. Feeling tired or having little energy
- 5. Poor appetite or overeating
- 6. Feeling bad about yourself-or that you are a failure or have let yourself or your family down

7. Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television

 Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed/being so restless that it is hard to sit still
Thoughts that you would be better off dead, or of hurting yourself in some way (several days coded as 1)

Methods: Sexual behaviour measures

Three measures of condomless sex (CLS) in past 3 months:

- Any CLS
- CLS with two or more partners
- CLS with unknown/HIV positive status partner(s)

- Self-reported STI diagnosis in past year
- More than 10 new sexual partners in past year
- Group sex in past 3 months

Methods: Data-analysis

- Association of current depressive symptoms (PHQ-9 ≥10) and sexual behaviours assessed using χ² tests and Poisson regression with robust variance estimator
- Model 1: Adjusted for socio-demographic factors (age, ethnicity, education, ongoing relationship and study recruitment region)
- Model 2: Adjusted for socio-demographic factors above and lifestyle factors (recreational drug use, heavy drinking and smoking)

Socio-demographic and lifestyle characteristics

N=1173 MSM reporting anal or vaginal sex in the past 3 months	n (%)
Median (IQR) age	31 (13)
Age 40+ years [N=1158]	287 (24.8%)
White ethnicity [N=1159]	948 (81.8%)
University degree or higher	764 (65.1%)
Currently in an ongoing relationship	515 (43.9%)
Recruited from a clinic in London	853 (72.7%)
Smoke cigarettes regularly	300 (25.6%)
At least 20 units of alcohol per week	139 (11.9%)
Used recreational drugs in past 3 months	668 (57.0%)

Burden of current depressive symptoms

N=1173 MSM reporting anal or vaginal sex in the	Prevalence	95% CI
past 3 months		
Current depressive symptoms on PHQ-9 (≥10)	147 (12.5%)	10.8%, 14.6%
Level of depression severity, PHQ-9 score		
None	282 (24.0%)	21.7%, 26.6%
Minimal, 1-4	494 (42.1%)	39.3%, 45.0%
Mild, 5-9	250 (21.3%)	19.1%, 23.8%
Moderate, 10-14	82 (7.0%)	5.7%, 8.6%
Moderately severe, 15-19	44 (3.8%)	2.8%, 5.0%
Severe, 20-27	21 (1.8%)	1.2%, 2.7%

Current depressive symptoms by socio-demographic factors

N=1173 MSM reporting anal/vaginal sex (past 3 months)		PHQ-9≥10	
		%	p value (χ ² test)
Age	<25	21	<0.001
	25-29	14	
	30-39	8	
	40+	9	
Money to cover basic	Always/Mostly	9	<0.001
needs	Sometimes/Never	52	
University Education	Yes	9	<0.001
	No	19	
Ongoing relationship	Yes	11	0.090
	No	14	
Study region	South	14	0.054
	London	12	
	Midlands & Yorkshire	21	

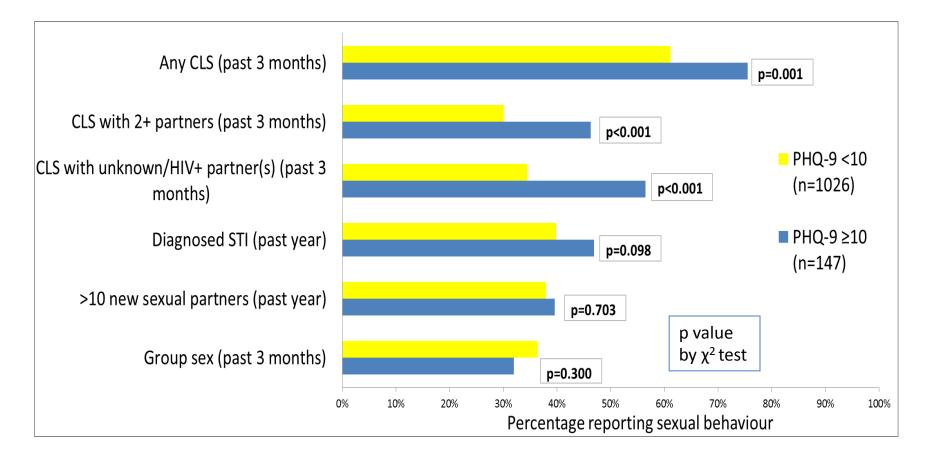
Current depressive symptoms by lifestyle factors

N=1173 MSM reporting anal/vaginal sex (past 3 months)		PHQ-9≥10	
		%	p value (χ ² test)
Smoke regularly	Yes	19	<0.001
	No	10	
At least 20 units of alcohol per week	Yes	19	0.019
	No	12	
Recreational drug use (past 3 months)	0	9	0.002
	1	14	
	2-4	14	
	5+	20	

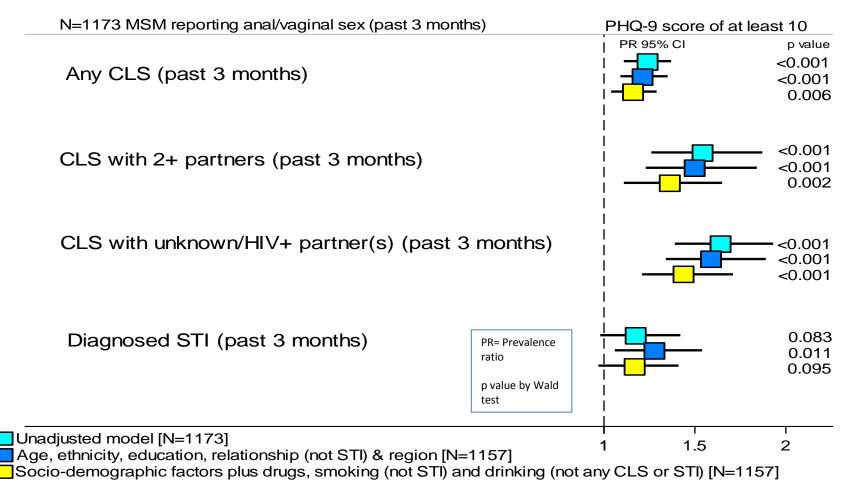
Sexual behaviour measures

N=1173 MSM reporting anal or vaginal sex in past 3 months	n	%
Any CLS (past 3 months)	738	63%
CLS with two or more partners (past 3 months)	377	32%
CLS with unknown/HIV positive status partner(s) (past 3 months)	437	37%
Self-reported STI diagnosis (past year)	477	41%
>10 new sexual partners (past year)	413	35%
Group sex (past 3 months)	420	36%

Sexual behaviour measures by depressive symptoms



Adjusted associations



Proportion with current depression diagnosed and treated

N=1173 MSM reporting anal/vaginal sex in past 3 months	n/N	%	95% CI
All current depression (symptoms or treatment)			
%diagnosed	125/215	58.1%	51.4%, 64.6%
%receiving treatment	112/215	52.1%	45.4%, 58.7%

Conclusions

- Strong association found between current symptoms of depression and recent CLS (including with multiple partners and partners of unknown/HIV positive status)
- Given both symptoms of depression and sexual behaviours were measured at the same time it is not possible to conclude which one affects the other
- About half of all those with evidence of current depression were receiving treatment
- Suggests importance of identification and management of depression among MSM

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