

IRIS ADVISE

Identification & Referral to Improve Safety Assessing Domestic Violence in Sexual Health Environments

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Wellcome Trust Clinical Primer in Sexual Health



Supported by wellcome trust





Domestic violence and abuse: how health services, social care and the organisations they work with can respond effectively

Issued: February 2014

NICE public health guidance 50





- 1 in 4 women, 1 in 7 men
- 2 women are killed every week in England/ Wales
- 69% of incidents of DVA result in injury
- WHO multi-country study, Ellsberg 2008
- Costs NHS 1.6 billion per year (Total £15.7 billion), Walby 2009

3 x more likely to be in regular contact with a healthcare professional





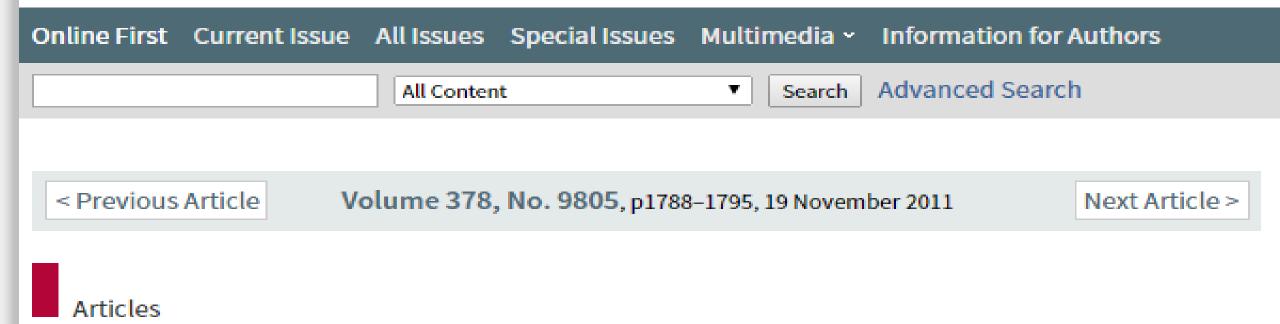
Most consistent, longest lasting and largest physical health difference

3x increased risk of gynaecological problems, with dose-response relationship and increased risk with combination of sexual and physical abuse (Campbell J et al 2002)

- STIs
- vaginal bleeding and infection
- painful intercourse

- chronic pelvic pain
- recurrent UTIs

THE LANCET



Identification and Referral to Improve Safety (IRIS) of women experiencing domestic violence with a primary care training and support programme: a cluster randomised controlled trial

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Aims & Objective

To pilot an IRIS-based training intervention on assessing for domestic violence in sexual health environments (ADViSE), and evaluate its feasibility and effectiveness.



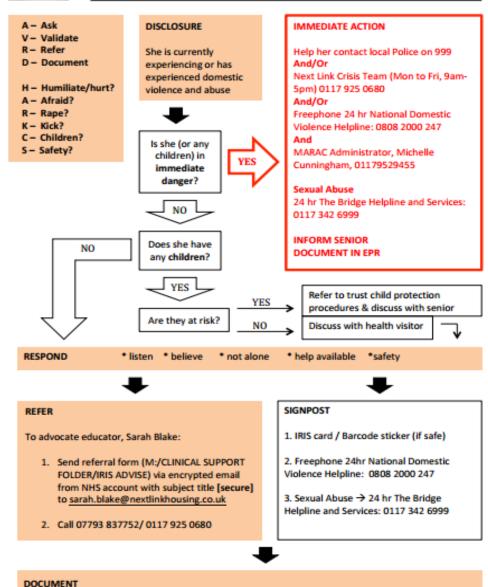


- 2 sites (7 and 12 weeks)
- Mixed methods design
- Quantitative analysis of electronic patient records
- Qualitative analysis of staff interview, written feedback and anonymised cases

- 2 x 2 hours multidisciplinary training sessions
- Electronic prompts
- Clinic materials
- Referral to specialised advocate educator



IRIS ADVISE 2014 Female survivor care pathway



1. Explain confidentiality & why recording 2. History, Health Promotion and Advice tabs in EPR

Results



| Site 1 | Site 2 |
|--------|--------|
| | Site Z |

10% enquiry rate (N=267) 50% enquiry rate (N=3527),

6% disclosure rate (n=16) 4.6% disclosure rate (n=162)

8 AE referrals 11 AE referrals.

Referred for counselling, Freedom programme, MARACs (repeat offender identified), refuges, ISVAs

Results



40% increase in self-rated knowledge on :

- health consequences of DVA
- enquiry about DVA
- responding to DVA
- how to refer patients for advocacy

"best ever training"

"feel less worried about asking the question"

Things to consider



Critical role of A-E

Multidisciplinary approach

Differences in disclosure rates achieved

Support given to men

Conclusions



IRIS ADVISE can be successfully developed and implemented in sexual health clinics,

fulfilling an unmet need for DVA training.

Further evaluation through a larger multicentre study is now necessary.

Survivors voices



"...the only doctor who ever asked...I was just so relieved that somebody just said something. And he gave me the box of tissues and I just sat and cried...and he said, tell me when you're ready, he said, there is somebody out there to help me. I'm not on my own. And if I want help, it's there and not to be ashamed of it. Which I was, really ashamed of it and he said, you're not on your own. We can get you this help. And he did. He really did."



Acknowledgements:

Dr Alex Sohal, Dr Judith Berry, Dr Vanessa Apea, Sarah Blake, Dr Jayne Bailey, Professor Chris Griffiths, & Professor Gene Feder

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Any questions?



